

## WORKFORCE REVIEW

A monthly review of labor market information for Silicon Valley

## Job boom returns to Bay Area and California as hiring surges in May

Led by a hiring surge in the South Bay, the Bay Area powered to big job gains in May, banishing — at least for now — the ominous specter of a weak labor market and job losses that haunted the region earlier this year.

The nine-county region added 7,000 jobs in May, the most in a month since December 2023 when the area produced a gain of 11,200 positions, the state's labor agency reported Friday.

The Bay Area's upswing in hiring during May occurred despite massive job cuts in the region's tech industry, primarily in the San Francisco metro area.

The South Bay muscled up to produce a gain of 3,300 jobs, nearly half of all the hiring in the Bay Area during May, according to the state Employment Development Department.

The East Bay added 2,100 jobs.

The San Francisco-San Mateo region added 1,000 positions, the EDD reported.

California added 43,700 jobs in May and also reached a recordhigh number of nonfarm payroll jobs that topped 18 million.

Both the California and the Bay Area numbers were adjusted for seasonal volatility.

"The California and Bay Area labor market firmed in May following a string of disappointing job reports, rekindling expectations for a soft landing for the Bay Area economy following two years now of higher interest rates and rapid inflation," said Scott Anderson, chief U.S. Economist for BMO Capital Markets.

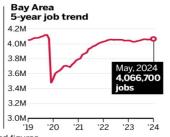
The statewide unemployment rate was 5.2% in May, an improvement from 5.3% in April.

The improvement marked the first time in nearly two years that the statewide jobless rate decreased. In August 2022, the statewide unemployment rate reached a record-low level of 3.8%. Until the improvement in May, it had worsened steadily.

## **JOB GROWTH**

The Bay Area powered to big job gains in May, adding 7,000 jobs, the most in a month since December 2023.

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Jobs gained or lost in May	
South Bay	3,300
East Bay	2,100
S.FSan Mateo Co.	1,000
Solano County	400
Napa County	300
Sonoma County	200
Marin County	-300
Bay Area	7,000



\*All numbers are seasonally adjusted figures.

Sources: State Employment Development Department, BANG staff

BAY AREA NEWS GROUP

"The labor market performance was good enough to calm some nerves in Sacramento and raise the odds that the Bay Area expansion will continue to muddle through in the months ahead," Anderson said.

Here is how some key industries fared in the Bay Area during May, according to seasonally adjusted numbers that Beacon Economics derived from the EDD official report:

- Tech companies slashed employment by a net 2,100 jobs. They cut 2,200 jobs in the San Francisco-San Mateo region and another 400 in the South Bay. The tech industry, however, added 600 jobs in the East Bay.
- Hotels and restaurants added 1,300 jobs in the Bay Area. Hotels and restaurants gained 800 jobs in San Francisco-San Mateo and 400 in the South Bay.
- Financial services firms added 1,700 jobs in the Bay Area, driven primarily by an increase of 1,000 in the San Francisco metro area and 600 in the East Bay. This sector includes banks and other financial firms, insurance companies and real estate firms.
- Health care firms increased employment by 1,200 positions in the Bay Area in May. The South Bay added 1,000 health care jobs last month, the Beacon estimate showed.

"In the Bay Area, the volatile tech and information sectors are still negative, with growth concentrated in hospitality, health care and government," said Jeffrey Michael, executive director of the Stockton-based Center for Business and Policy Research at the University of the Pacific.

It's become clear that the Bay Area's post-coronavirus recovery has begun to lag behind California as a whole.

The state's total of 18.03 million payroll jobs in May was 1.2% higher than the jobs it had in February 2020, the final month before government-mandated business lockdowns went into effect to combat the spread of the coronavirus

Yet the Bay Area and its three major urban centers all remain below their pre-COVID job heights.

Here is what this news organization's analysis of the EDD report shows regarding the Bay Area's post-coronavirus employment recovery. The numbers compare the May 2024 numbers with February 2020 levels:

- The Bay Area is 1.3% below the February 2020 level, or a jobs deficit of 53,300.
- The South Bay is 0.2% beneath the pre-COVID figure, or a shortfall of 1,800 positions.
- The East Bay is 0.3% below, or a gap of 3,200 jobs.
- The San Francisco-San Mateo region is 3.7% under the pre-coronavirus total, which is a jaw-dropping deficit of 44,300 jobs.

Over the most recent 12 months that ended in May, the East Bay's job totals have risen 0.9%, while the South Bay and the Bay Area are up 0.5%.

In sharp contrast, San Francisco-San Mateo's job totals are down 0.5% during the one-year period.

Article continues at link below



## **JUNE 2024**



Ä	Region	May 2023	April 2024	May 2024	Percentage Point Change		
ΜE	negion	7p11 20.	April 2027	. 1 May 2021	1 month	12 months	
PLOY/	San José–Sunnyvale MSA	3.2%	3.9%	3.5%	- 0.4	+ 0.3	
$\geq$	San Francisco MD	2.8%	3.4%	3.0%	- 0.4	+ 0.2	
EME	California	4.3%	4.9%	4.5%	- 0.4	+ 0.2	
岁	United States	3.4%	3.5%	3.7%	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	
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Sector — May 2024	San Jose MSA	San Francisco MD Combined Region		Percentage Change (Combined Region)  1 month  12 months		
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Total Nonfarm	1,161,300	1,160,300	2,321,600	+ 0.4%	- 0.2%	
Construction	51,200 39,400 90,600		+ 0.1%	- 4.1%		
Manufacturing	173,700	34,600	208,300	- 0.3%	- 3.1%	
≷ Retail Trade	73,300	64,500	137,800	+ 0.3%	+ 0.8%	
□ Information	90,600	106,500	197,100	- 1.2%	- 8.5%	
Professional & Business Services	247,000	291,500	538,500	+ 0.2%	- 1.2%	
Educational Services	99,100	87,900	187,000	+ 0.8%	+ 1.9%	
Health Care & Social Assistance	155,500	129,900	285,400	+ 0.2%	+ 5.3%	
Leisure & Hospitality	104,900	129,600	234,500	+ 2.0%	+ 3.3%	
Government	101,500	144,400	245,900	+ 1.0%	+ 1.5%	
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Note: San José MSA (San José-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara Metropolitan Statistical Area) = Santa Clara and San Benito Counties
San Francisco MD (San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco Metropolitan Division) = San Mateo and San Francisco Counties

Source: California Employment Development Department, LMID

	LABOR FORCE			UN	UNEMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		
	May 2023	May 2024	Change	May 2023	May 2024	Change	May 2023	May 2024	Chan	
United States	1,66,702,000	167,960,000	+ 0.8%	5,700,000	6,604,000	+ 15.9%	3.6%	3.9%	+ 0.	
Austin, TX	1,446,627	1,477,295	+ 2.1%	47,256	47,011	- 0.5%	3.3%	3.2%	- 0.	
Boston, MA	2,845,267	2,800,431	- 1.6%	47,011	47,256	+ 0.5%	3.2%	3.3%	+ 0.	
New York City, NY	4,148,400	4,172,300	+ 0.6%	205,500	204,300	- 0.6%	5.0%	4.9%	- 0.	
Seattle, WA	1,817,297	1,778,919	- 2.1%	61,201	76,329	+ 24.7%	3.4%	4.3%	+ 0.	
California	19,253,200	19,226,300	- 0.1%	828,400	872,800	+ 5.4%	4.3%	4.5%	+ 0.	
San Diego	1,590,400	1,580,100	- 0.6%	52,800	57,500	+ 8.9%	3.3%	3.6%	+ 0.	
San Francisco	1,004,800	987,000	- 1.8%	28,100	29,300	+ 4.3%	2.8%	3.0%	+ 0.	
San José	1,065,400	1,055,000	- 1.0%	33,800	36,400	+ 7.7%	3.2%	3.5%	+ 0.	
NOVAworks Region	773,800	763,100	- 1.4%	21,300	22,600	+ 6.1%	2.8%	3.0%	+ 0.	

Note: Totals may not add correctly due to rounding

Source: California Employment Development Department, LMID

WARN SUMMARY

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Company	Location	# Affected
Apple, Inc.	Santa Clara	614
Bay Area PL Services	San Bruno	87
Catalent, Inc.	South San Francisco	90
Intel Corporation	Santa Clara	62
Juniper Networks, Inc.	Sunnyvale	7
Kett Engineering Corporation	Santa Clara	180
Marriott San Mateo Hotel	San Mateo	127
Phoenix Labs USA Operations	San Mateo	162
Trove Recommerce	Brisbane	2
	Total	1,331

Ev	ents YTD†:	106
	dividuals fected YTD :	7,125
	dividuals evious YTD ‡:	8,951
	and Retraini (notice of mass YTD: Year to	ker Adjustment ng Notification layoff or closure) Date January 1–Present)
#	rievious i i	<b>D:</b> ge as YTD, one year prior)